

### Oval Lamp 3474AN/GADB-AMNA/P/MS



#### Features

- High luminous intensity output
- Oval Shape
- Well defined spatial radiation
- Wide viewing angle ( $2\theta_{1/2}$ ) : 110° / 50°
- UV resistant epoxy
- The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version

#### Description

- This precision optical performance oval LED is specifically designed for passenger information signs.
- This lamp has matched radiation patterns with red, yellow or blue mixing color applications.

#### Applications

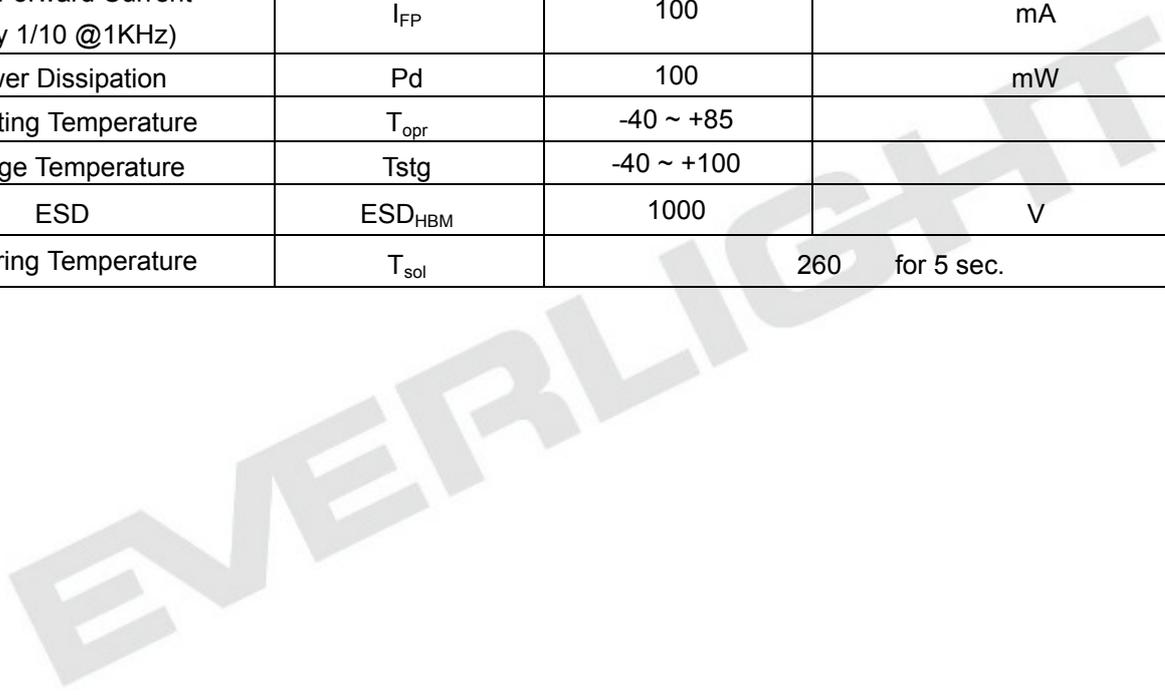
- Color Graphic Signs
- Message boards
- Variable message signs (VMS)
- Commercial outdoor advertising

**Device Selection Guide**

Chip Materials	Emitted Color	Resin Color
InGaN	Brilliant Green	Green Diffused

**Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25 °C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Reverse Voltage	$V_R$	5	V
Forward Current	$I_F$	30	mA
Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @1KHz)	$I_{FP}$	100	mA
Power Dissipation	$P_d$	100	mW
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40 ~ +85	
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-40 ~ +100	
ESD	$ESD_{HBM}$	1000	V
Soldering Temperature	$T_{sol}$	260	for 5 sec.



### Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25 )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Luminous Intensity	Iv	2880	--	4970	mcd	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
Viewing Angle	2θ <sub>1/2</sub>	--	X:110 Y:50	--	deg	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
Peak Wavelength	λ <sub>p</sub>	--	522	--	nm	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
Dominant Wavelength	λ <sub>d</sub>	525	530	535	nm	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
Spectrum Radiation Bandwidth	Δλ	--	35	--	nm	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	2.8	--	3.6	V	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>	--	--	50	μA	V <sub>R</sub> =5V

### Bin Range of Luminous Intensity

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
M1	2880	3450	mcd	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
M2	3450	4140		
N1	4140	4970		

Note:  
Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±10%

### Bin Range of Dominant Wavelength

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
1	525	530	nm	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
2	530	535		

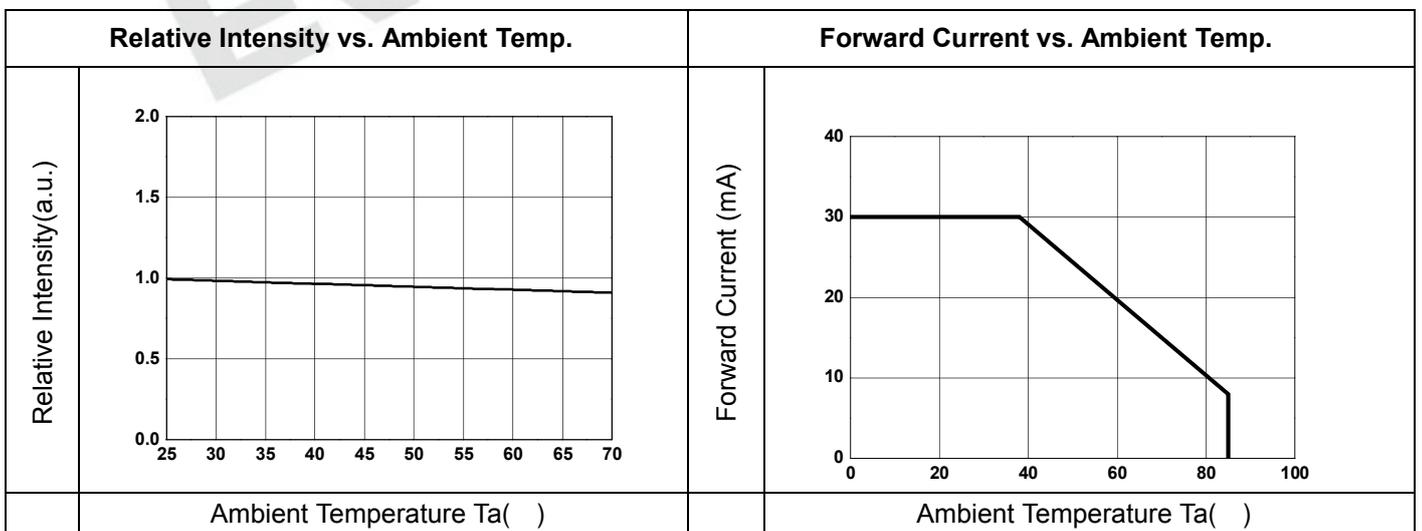
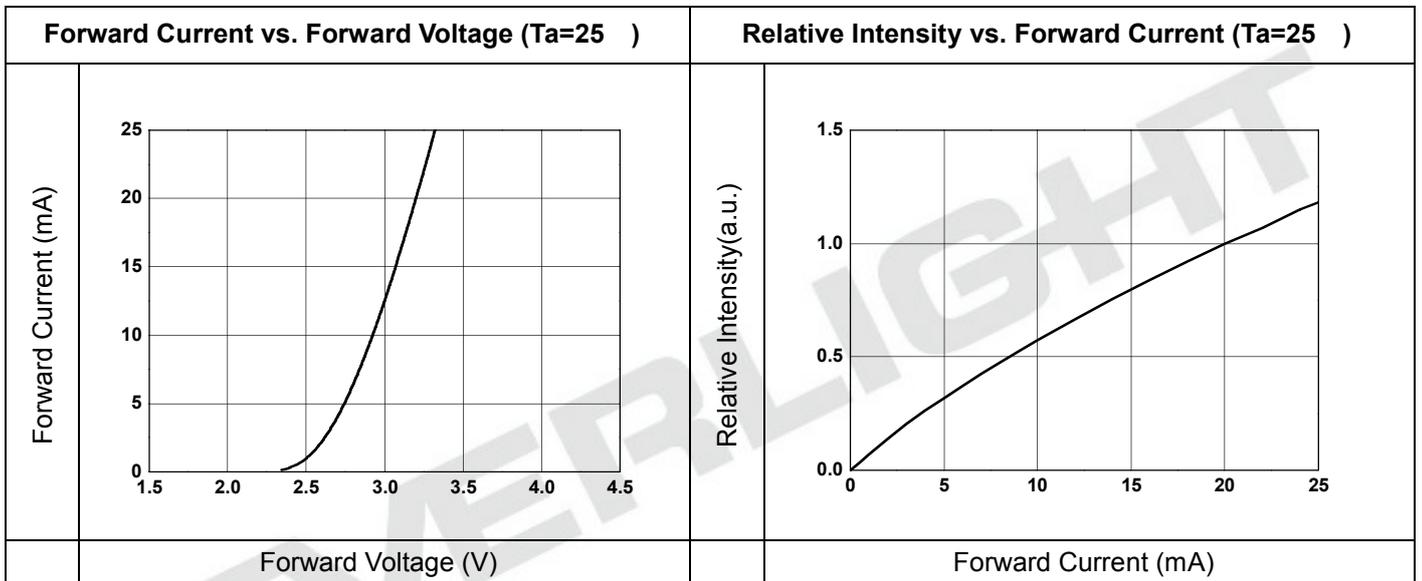
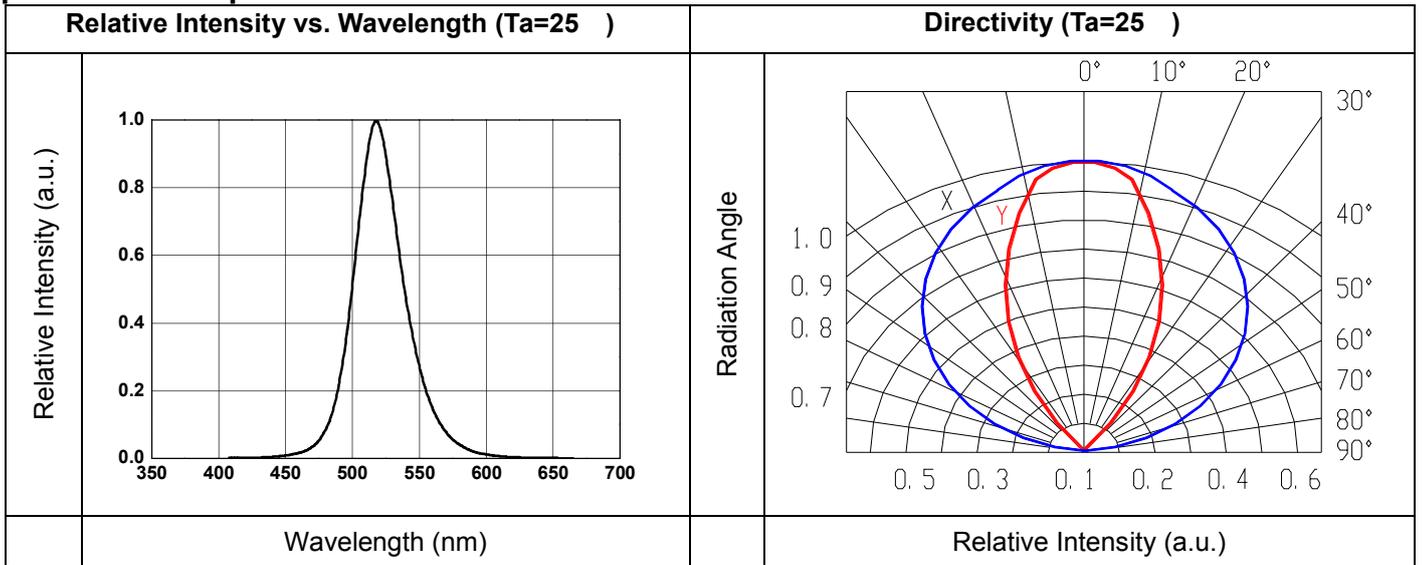
Note:  
Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength: ±1nm

### Bin Range of Forward Voltage

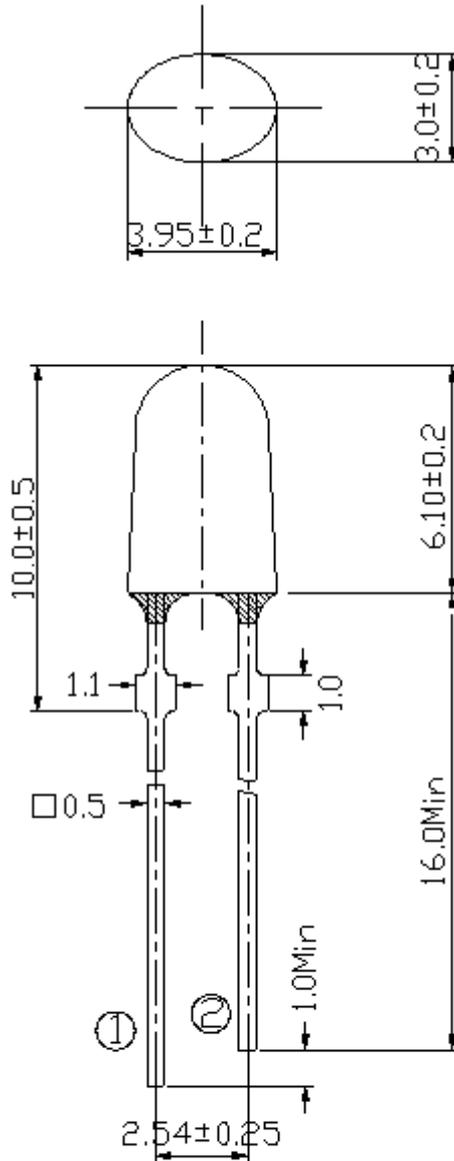
Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
0	2.8	3.0	V	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
1	3.0	3.2		
2	3.2	3.4		
3	3.4	3.6		

Note:  
Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.1V

**Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves**



Package Dimension



① Anode  
② Cathode

Note:

\*All dimensions are in millimeters, tolerance is 0.25mm except being specified.  
\*Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm Max LED.

## Moisture Resistant Packing Materials

### Label Explanation



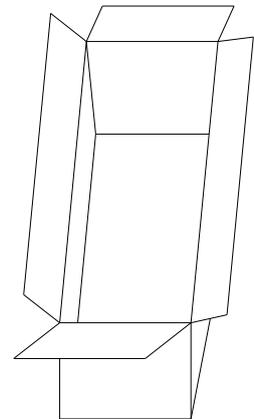
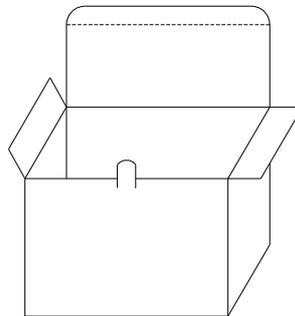
- CPN: Customer's Product Number
- P/N: Product Number
- QTY: Packing Quantity
- CAT: Ranks of Luminous Intensity and Forward Voltage
- HUE: Rank of Dominant Wavelength
- REF: Reference
- LOT No: Lot Number

## Packing Specification

■ Anti-electrostatic bag

■ Inner Carton

■ Outside Carton

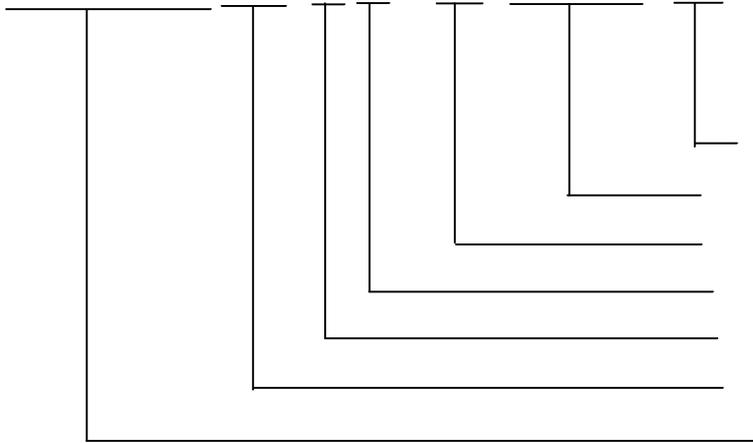


### Packing Quantity

1. Min 200pcs to Max 500 PCS/1 Bag, 5 Bags/1 Inner Carton.
2. 10 Inner Cartons/1 Outside Carton

**Production Designatio**

**3474AN / GA D B -**



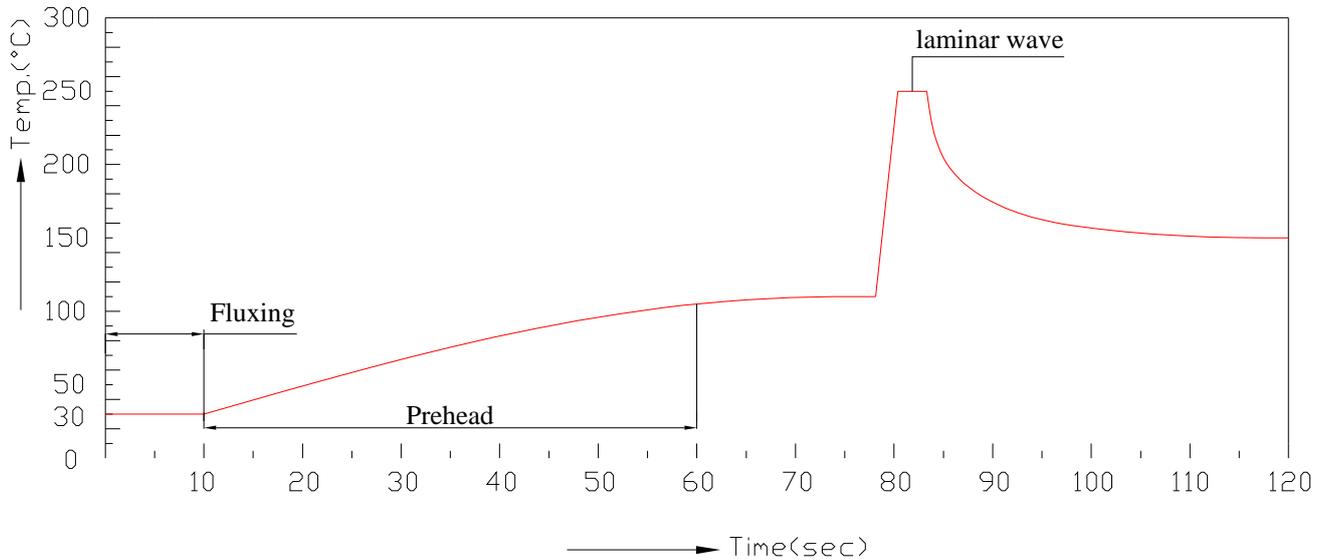
- Voltage Group**
- Luminous Intensity Bins**
- Wave Group**
- Viewing Angle**
- Color Diffused Lens**
- Color**
- Product name**

**Notes**

1. Lead Forming
  - During lead formation, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb.
  - Lead forming should be done before soldering.
  - Avoid stressing the LED package during leads forming. The stress to the base may damage the LED's characteristics or it may break the LEDs.
  - Cut the LED leadframes at room temperature. Cutting the leadframes at high temperatures may cause failure of the LEDs.
  - When mounting the LEDs onto a PCB, the PCB holes must be aligned exactly with the lead position of the LED. If the LEDs are mounted with stress at the leads, it causes deterioration of the epoxy resin and this will degrade the LEDs.
2. Storage
  - The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less after being shipped from Everlight and the storage life limits are 3 months. If the LEDs are stored for 3 months or more, they can be stored for a year in a sealed container with a nitrogen atmosphere and moisture absorbent material.
  - Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially, in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.
3. Soldering
  - Careful attention should be paid during soldering. When soldering, leave more then 3mm from solder joint to epoxy bulb, and soldering beyond the base of the tie bar is recommended.
  - Recommended soldering conditions:

Hand Soldering		DIP Soldering	
Temp. at tip of iron	300 Max. (30W Max.)	Preheat temp.	100 Max. (60 sec Max.)
Soldering time	3 sec Max.	Bath temp. & time	260 Max., 5 sec Max
Distance	3mm Min.(From solder joint to epoxy bulb)	Distance	3mm Min. (From solder joint to epoxy bulb)

■ Recommended soldering profile



- Avoiding applying any stress to the lead frame while the LEDs are at high temperature particularly when soldering.
- Dip and hand soldering should not be done more than one time
- After soldering the LEDs, the epoxy bulb should be protected from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs return to room temperature.
- A rapid-rate process is not recommended for cooling the LEDs down from the peak temperature.
- Although the recommended soldering conditions are specified in the above table, dip or handsoldering at the lowest possible temperature is desirable for the LEDs.
- Wave soldering parameter must be set and maintain according to recommended temperature and dwell time in the solder wave.

4. Cleaning

- When necessary, cleaning should occur only with isopropyl alcohol at room temperature for a duration of no more than one minute. Dry at room temperature before use.
- Do not clean the LEDs by the ultrasonic. When it is absolutely necessary, the influence of ultrasonic cleaning on the LEDs depends on factors such as ultrasonic power and the assembled condition. Ultrasonic cleaning shall be pre-qualified to ensure this will not cause damage to the LED

5. Heat Management

- Heat management of LEDs must be taken into consideration during the design stage of LED application. The current should be de-rated appropriately by referring to the de-rating curve found in each product specification.
- The temperature surrounding the LED in the application should be controlled. Please refer to the data sheet de-rating curve.

6. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

- The products are sensitive to static electricity or surge voltage. ESD can damage a die and its reliability.

When handling the products, the following measures against electrostatic discharge are strongly recommended:

Eliminating the charge

Grounded wrist strap, ESD footwear, clothes, and floors

Grounded workstation equipment and tools

ESD table/shelf mat made of conductive materials

- Proper grounding is required for all devices, equipment, and machinery used in product assembly.

Surge protection should be considered when designing of commercial products.

- If tools or equipment contain insulating materials such as glass or plastic,

the following measures against electrostatic discharge are strongly recommended:

Dissipating static charge with conductive materials

Preventing charge generation with moisture

Neutralizing the charge with ionizers

7. Directions for use

- The LEDs should be operated with forward bias. The driving circuit must be designed so that the LEDs are not subjected to forward or reverse voltage while it is off. If reverse voltage is continuously applied to the LEDs, it may cause migration resulting in LED damage.

8. Other

- Above specification may be changed without notice. EVERLIGHT will reserve authority on material change for above specification.

- When using this product, please observe the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for using outlined in these specification sheets. EVERLIGHT assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from use of the product which does not comply

with the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions included in these specification sheets.

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